Table 1. Plan Objectives, Targets, and Assumptions							
Objective	Planning Target	Analysis Assumptions	Rationale				
Improve Water Quality							
To comply with water quality standards by improving the quality of urban runoff, stormwater and wastewater	<u>Dry Weather</u> : Reduce, capture, infiltrate and/or treat the 40 th to 90 th percentile dry weather urban runoff_flow, approximately 210 to 450 cubic feet per second (cfs), or 150,000 to 320,000 acre feet per year (AFY).	Reduce, capture, infiltrate and/or treat the 90th percentile dry weather urban runoff flow, approximately 320,000 AFY.					
	Wet Weather: Reduce, infiltrate or recycle 40 percent to 90 percent of the annual stormwater runoff from developed areas, approximately 218,000 to 490,000 AFY.	Reduce, infiltrate or recycle approximately 40 percent of the total stormwater runoff, or 100 percent of annual stormwater runoff from single-family residences, which is approximately 190,000 AFY.	Reduces, recycles and/or treats 90 percent of dry and wet weather runoff to implement TMDLs.				
	Wet Weather: Capture and treat 40 percent to 90 percent of the annual stormwater runoff from developed areas, approximately 218,000 to 490,000 AFY.	Capture and treat approximately 50 percent of the annual stormwater runoff from developed areas, approximately 300,000 AFY.					
To protect and improve groundwater and drinking water quality	None						
Improve Water Supply							
To optimize local water resources to reduce the region's reliance on imported water	Increase water supply reliability and quality by providing between 580,000 and 1,870,000 AFY of additional water supply or demand reduction through conservation.	Increase water supply and/or reduce demand by 800,000 AFY	Based on Metropolitan Water Districts IRP targets with buffer against supply loss.				
	Reuse or infiltrate between 120,000 and 250,000 AFY of reclaimed water.	Reuse or infiltrate 250,000 AFY of reclaimed water (130,000 increase).	Doubles current utilization to enhance water supply reliability.				
Enhance Open Space, Recre	eation, and Habitat						
To increase watershed friendly recreation and open space for all communities	Develop and protect 30,000 acres of multiuse parkland and open space, focusing in under-served communities.	Develop 30,000 acres of multiuse parkland and open space.	Based on estimated population growth and 6.25 acres per 1,000 residents.				
To protect, restore, and enhance natural processes and habitats	Restore 100 linear miles of riparian habitat and associated buffer habitat.	Restore 100 linear miles of riparian habitat and associated buffer habitat.	Would target restoration across entire region.				
	Restore 1,400 acres of wetland habitat.	Restore 1,400 acres of wetland habitat.	Based on Coastal Conservancy estimate.				
Sustain Local Communities	Sustain Local Communities and the Greater Los Angeles County Region						
To maintain and enhance flood protection	Repair and replace 40 percent of the aging infrastructure for flood protection.	Repair and replace 40 percent of flood protection infrastructure.	Repair or replace approximately 2 percent per				
To maintain and enhance public infrastructure related to water resources and	Repair and replace 40 percent of the aging infrastructure for water supply.	Repair and replace 40 percent of water supply infrastructure.	year, or 40 percent over 20 years.				
water quality	Repair and replace 40 percent of the aging infrastructure for wastewater.	Repair and replace 40 percent of wastewater infrastructure.					

Table 8. Regional Planning Tool Management Strategy Elements				
	Analytical	Planning Tool 1	Planning Tool 2	Planning Tool 3
	Target	Site Scale	Neighborhood Scale	Regional Scale
Water Supply ¹	800,000		Acre Feet/Year	
Water Conservation / Demand Reduction		110,000	110,000	110,000
Expanded Local Water Production		100,000	100,000	100,000
Other Projects (desalination & groundwater recovery)		90,000	90,000	90,000
Additional Recycled Water		130,000	130,000	130,000
Additional Imported Water		370,000	240,000	120,000
Urban (Dry Weather) Runoff		0	130,000	130,000
Stormwater Runoff (from Urban Areas)		0	0	120,000
Total Water Supply		800,000	800,000	800,000
Surface Water Quality				
Urban (Dry Weather) Runoff	320,000	_	_	_
Reduction of Runoff Volumes	_			
On-Site Residential BMPs ²		124,000	0	0
Treatment [®]				_
Traditional (Mechanical/Chemical)		196,000		
Natural (Treatment Wetlands)		_	320,000	320,000
Use of Treated Water				
Non-Potable Reuse ⁴		0	130,000	130,000
Discharge to Creeks and Rivers		196,000	190,000	190,000
Total Urban (Dry Weather) Runoff Treated		320,000	320,000	320,000
Stormwater Runoff (from Urban Areas)	490,000			
Reduction of Runoff Volumes	490,000			
On-Site Residential BMPs ²		190,000	0	0
Short-Term Detention	_	300,125	490,000	490,000
Treatment		300,123	490,000	490,000
Traditional (Tertiary)		300,125	0	0
Natural (Treatment Wetlands)		300,123	U	U
Secondary Treatment ⁵				120,000
Tertiary Treatment			490,000	370,000
Total Urban Stormwater Runoff Treated		490,000	490,000	490,000
Use of Treated Water	_	170,000	170,000	170,000
Recharge via Groundwater Basins		0	0	120,000
Discharge to Creeks and Rivers		300,125	490,000	370,000
Open Space & Habitat		000,120	170,000	070,000
Wetland restoration/creation (from water quality facilities) (acres)	1,400		4500 acres	8000 acres
Riparian habitat restoration (from water quality facilities) (miles)	100			100 miles
Parks and Open Space creation (from water quality facilities) (acres)	30,000	1550 acres	3500 acres	
Parks and Open Space creation (additional) (acres)		6450 acres		
Total Open Space and Habitat		8,000 acres	8,000 acres	8,000 acres
Infrastructure Repair & Replacement				
Flood Management	40%	40%	40%	40%
Water Supply	40%	40%	40%	40%
Wastewater	40%	40%	40%	40%

- 1: Estimated increase in water supply and/or demand reduction above current supplies/conservation
- 2: Equals approximately 39% of runoff, as that portion of urbanized area is single family homes
- 3: Assumes tertiary treatment, unless otherwise noted
- 4: Local distribution of treated urban runoff for irrigation and other uses (similar to reclaimed water)
- 5: Assumes secondary treatment for subsequent groundwater recharge via spreading basins

5. Assumes secondary treatment for subsequent ground	awater recharge via	spreading basins
Water Supply Relationships		Residential BMPs would reduce water demand (amount TBD)
		Non-potable reuse of treated Urban Runoff
		Recharge of treated stormwater runoff

	Table 3. Major Needs, Opportunities, and Constraints in Upper San Gabriel and Rio Hondo River						
	Water Supply	Surface Water Quality	Open Space and Habitat	Infrastructure			
Needs	 Reliance on imported water Water reliability in drought years Optimize storage capacity 	 Impaired water quality TMDLs 303(d) listed waterways Runoff quantity and quality Volume of stormwater and dryweather flows Wastewater effluent Abandoned and active gravel pits 	Stream modificationEquestrian usesProtection of uplands	Not available at this time			
Opportunities	 Capture, treatment and reuse of stormwater runoff Reclaimed water surplus Conservation Desalination Water distribution system improvements Safe Drinking Water Act Compliance projects System interconnections for increased reliability Expanded conjunctive use Groundwater treatment facilities Increase replenishment capacity Gravel pits for storage 	 Implementing TMDL, NPDES and AB 885 requirements Natural treatment systems Open Space Habitat Enhanced flood management U.S. Army Corps of Engineers participation 	 Promote/increase ecosystem restoration in Santa Fe dam Preserve pristine waters of upper San Gabriel Equestrian use Integrate recreation into wetlands and watershed projects. Provide for maintenance of parks, open space, and trails Creation of habitat linkages and corridors 	Not available at this time			
Constraints	 Funding Pervasive groundwater contamination (VOC, nitrate and perchlorate) Limited spreading capacity No opportunities for ocean desalination Institutional hurdles to water transfers 	 Lack of Funding Pervasive nature of impairments Lack and expense of undeveloped land Public safety Liability Impediments to cross-jurisdictional efforts 	Stream ModificationEquestrian UsesLack of DataProtection of Uplands	Integration with existing infrastructure systems			

	Table 1-4.	Suggested Planr	ning Scales		
Water Management Strategy	Site or Parcel	Within Jurisdictional Boundary	Watershed	IRWMP Subregion	IRWMP Region
Asset Management				•	•
Desalination		•			•
Environmental & Habitat Protection / Improvement	•	•	•		•
Groundwater Management / Conjunctive Use		•	•		•
Import water		•			•
Improve and protect water quality	•	•	•	•	•
Integrated Planning	•	•	•	•	•
Land Use Planning		•			•
NPS Pollution Control	•	•	•	•	•
Recreation and Public Access		•			•
Restore Ecosystems		•	•		•
Stormwater Capture and Management	•	•		•	•
Surface Storage		•			•
Water and Wastewater Treatment		•		•	•
Water Conservation	•	•		•	•
Water Recycling		•		•	•
Water Supply Reliability		•			•
Water Transfers		•			•
Watershed Planning			•		•
Wetlands Creation and Enhancement	•	•	•		•

ANNOTATED Planning Scales					
Water Management Strategy	Projects on Site or Parcel	Programs & Plans Within Jurisdictional Boundary	Watershed Plans	IRWMP Subregional Plans	IRWMP Regional Plans
Asset Management		•		Water and Wastewater	Flood Protection
Desalination					•
Environmental & Habitat Protection / Improvement	•				•
Groundwater Management / Conjunctive Use					•
Import water					•
Improve and protect (surface) water quality	•			•	•
Integrated Planning					•
Land Use Planning		General Plans			Model Ordinances
NPS Pollution Control				•	
Recreation and Public Access					•
Restore Ecosystems					•
Stormwater Capture and Management	•	•		Q uality	Quantity
Surface Storage					•
Water and Wastewater Treatment				•	
Water Conservation				•	
Water Recycling				•	
Water Supply Reliability					•
Water Transfers					•
Watershed Planning			•		
Wetlands Creation and Enhancement					•

What is the Appropriate Scale for Subsequent Planning?						
Water Management Strategy	Jurisdiction	Watershed	IRWMP Subregion	IRWMP Region		
Asset Management	0	0	0	0		
Desalination	0	0	0	0		
Environmental & Habitat Protection / Improvement	0	0	0	0		
Groundwater Management / Conjunctive Use	0	0	0	0		
Import water	0	0	0	0		
Improve and protect water quality	0	0	0	0		
Integrated Planning	0	0	0	0		
Land Use Planning	0	0	0	0		
NPS Pollution Control	0	0	0	0		
Recreation and Public Access	0	0	0	0		
Restore Ecosystems	0	0	0	0		
Stormwater Capture and Management	0	0	0	0		
Surface Storage	0	0	0	0		
Water and Wastewater Treatment	0	0	0	0		
Water Conservation	0	0	0	0		
Water Recycling	0	0	0	0		
Water Supply Reliability	0	0	0	0		
Water Transfers	0	0	0	0		
Watershed Planning	0	0	0	0		
Wetlands Creation and Enhancement	0	0	0	0		

Table 1-5. Suggested Planning Activities				
Water Management Strategy	Scale	Activities		
Asset Management	Jurisdiction	Implement asset management programs		
	Subregion	Promote comprehensive assessment of infrastructure maintenance		
	Region	Promote consistent regional approach to asset management		
Desalination	Jurisdiction	Implement desalination projects where appropriate		
	Region	Promote desalination as a component of a diversified water portfolio to enhance water supply reliability		
Environmental & Habitat Protection / Improvement	Site	Inclusion of native habitat in all public sector projects		
	Jurisdiction	Implement projects and programs to protect habitat and encourage native vegetation in public and private projects		
	Watershed	Promote consistent watershed approach to habitat protection		
	Region	Promote consistent regional approach to habitat protection		
Groundwater Management /	Jurisdiction	Implementation of incentives by Cities and counties to protect and enhance groundwater recharge		
Conjunctive Use	Julisulction	Water agencies projects and programs to protect and enhance groundwater recharge and utilization of groundwater as a water supply		
	Watershed	Promote consistent watershed approach to protection and enhancement of groundwater recharge		
	Region	Promote consistent regional approach to protection and enhancement of groundwater recharge		
Import Water	Jurisdiction	Imported water as component of water agency's supply portfolio		
	Regional	Promote imported water as a component of a diversified water portfolio that enhances water supply reliability		
Improve and Protect Water Quality	Site	Implement multi-purpose projects that improve and protect water quality		
	Jurisdiction	Implement integrated approaches to water quality programs and projects		
	Watershed	Promote consistent watershed approach to water quality		
	Region	Promote consistent regional approach to water quality		
Integrated Planning	Site	Implement multi-purpose projects		
	Jurisdiction	Implement integrated projects and programs for water quality, water supply and habitat		
	Watershed	Promote integrated approach to water quality, water supply and habitat		
	Subregion	Promote integrated approach to water quality, water supply and habitat		
	Region	Promote integrated approach to water quality, water supply and habitat		
Land Use Planning	Jurisdiction	Implement programs and incentives to increase water supply, improve water quality and conserve, expand public open space and restore habitat		
	Region	Promote consistent land use programs and incentives across region		
NPS Pollution Control	Site	Include onsite BMPs in projects were feasible		
	Jurisdiction	Widespread implementation of BMPs and public education		
	Watershed	Promote consistent watershed approach to NPS pollution control		
	Region	Promote region-wide implementation of NPS pollution control measures		
Recreation and Public Access	Jurisdiction	Implement projects and programs to expand recreation and public open space		

Table 1-5. Suggested Planning Activities				
Water Management Strategy	Scale	Activities		
	Subregion	Promote consistent Subregional approach to expansion of recreation and public access		
	Region	Promote consistent regional approach expansion of recreation and public access		
Restore Ecosystems	Jurisdiction	Implement projects and programs to restore ecosystems		
	Watershed	Promote consistent watershed approach to restoration of ecosystems		
	Region	Promote consistent regional approach to restoration of ecosystems		
Stormwater Capture & Management	Site	Implement projects that retain and cleanse stormwater		
	Jurisdiction	Implement projects and programs that capture and manage stormwater		
	Subregion	Promote Subregional solutions for capture and management of stormwater		
	Region	Promote consistent regional approach to stormwater capture and management		
Surface Storage	Jurisdiction	Implement projects and programs to enhance surface storage		
	Region	Promote expanded utilization of surface storage		
Water and Wastewater Treatment	Jurisdiction	Implement projects and programs to treat water and wastewater		
	Subregion	Promote regional solutions to water and wastewater treatment		
	Region	Promote regional projects and programs for water and wastewater treatment		
Water Conservation	Site	Implement projects and programs that conserve water		
	Jurisdiction	Implement water conservation programs		
	Subregion	Promote Subregional projects and programs that conserve water		
	Region	Promote water conservation projects and programs to enhance water supply reliability		
Water Recycling	Jurisdiction	Implement projects and programs to expand water recycling		
	Subregion	Promote Subregional projects and programs to expand water recycling		
	Region	Promote expansion of water recycling to enhance water supply reliability		
Water Supply Reliability	Jurisdiction	Implement projects and programs that enhance water supply reliability		
	Region	Promote expansion of projects/programs to enhance water supply reliability		
Water Transfers	Jurisdiction	Implement water transfers		
	Region	Promote water transfers as a component of a diversified water portfolio that enhances water supply reliability		
Watershed Planning	Watershed	Develop watershed plans for all major rivers and tributaries and update on a regular basis		
	Region	Promote consistent content and approach for all watershed plans in region		
Wetlands Creation and Enhancement	Site	Implement projects and programs to restore and create wetlands where appropriate		
	Jurisdiction	Implement projects and programs to restore and create wetlands where appropriate		
	Watershed	Promote restoration of native wetlands and creation of new wetlands where appropriate		
	Subregion	Promote consistent Subregional approach to restoration and creation of wetlands		
	Region	Promote consistent regional approach to restoration and creation of wetlands		

Table 4-2. Potential Sources of Funding to Implement IRWMP Projects					
	Sources	Expected Contribution	Targeted Beneficiaries		
Local	 Local sales tax Bond and associated property tax Utility fee or benefit assessment based on use of the property Utility fee or benefit assessment based on total area and impervious area Gasoline tax Water sales Parcel tax 	High (>50%)	Region's residents, environment, and economy		
State	Competitive grantsAppropriationsState-wide Assessments	Moderate (10-50%)	Statewide environment and economy		
Federal	Appropriations Competitive Grants	Moderate (10-50%)	Areas of national environmental or economic significance		
Others	Individual and corporate donorsFoundations and other non-profit organizations	Low (<10%)	Particular communities or targeted interests in the Region		